### THE BRITISH BEEKEEPERS' ASSOCIATION Founded in 1874

Registered Charity No. 212025

## EXAMINATION FOR PROFICIENCY IN APICULTURE

# MODULE 2 HONEYBEE PRODUCTS AND FORAGE

19<sup>th</sup> March 2016 Time Allowed 1½ hours Candidate Number:

Instructions to Candidates

Read the questions carefully. Answer All Sections. It is recommended not to spend more than 10 minutes on Section A, 50 minutes on Section B and 30 minutes on Section C. Unless stated otherwise questions apply to Honeybees.

Use **BLACK** pen for text. **Black** pencil may only be used for diagrams. DO NOT USE COLOURS.

Examiner Use Only

Question	Sec A	B11	B12	B13	B14	B15	C16	C17	Total
Mark									
Moderated									

#### (10 marks, 1 for each question) SECTION A

Answer ALL the questions in this section. Use one or two word or short phrase answers. Please write your answers on the question paper.

Q1	Name two types of honey extractor.
Q2	What is the term given to the property of honey to absorb water?
Q3	What is the maximum permissible amount of sucrose in borage honey?
Q4	What does the Schade scale measure?
Q5	Name a substance found in honeydew honey, which is not found in floral honey.
Q6	What is the temperature at which beeswax may become discoloured?
Q7	Give one criterium by which floral honey should be labelled as Baker's Honey.
Q8	To what temperature should liquid honey be heated and for how long, to extend its shelf life?
Q9	What is Melomel?
Q10	Give one example of a dioecious plant.

### PLEASE HAND IN THIS SHEET AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION

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	<b>TION</b> er any	B (60 marks, 15 for each question) FOUR questions from this section. Write short notes for your answers.	Marks
Q11	(a) (b) (c)	List the characteristics of honey bees and honey bee colonies which make them good pollinators. Distinguish between pollination and fertilisation. How do each of the flowers of forget-me-not, horse chestnut and clover	6 2
	(d)	indicate to bees that, having been successfully pollinated, their visits are no longer required? What are nectar guides and what is the significance of the spectrum of vision	3
Q12	Forme	of honey bees?	4
QIZ	(a) (b)	What is the process including the chemical equation? List the effects on the honey. List the steps that the small scale beekeeper should take to reduce the risk	2 5
	(c)	of fermentation of their honey.	8
Q13	(a)	Describe how cut comb is produced and offered for sale. Exclude the management of the bees in your answer.	8
	(b)	List the points a judge would consider when judging a cut comb class at a honey show.	7
Q14	(a) (b) (c) (d)	Other than honey and wax, list four other products which beekeepers can harvest from a hive. Give two uses for each of two of the products mentioned in (a) List the necessary components of a well designed solar wax extractor. What is the main advantage of a solar wax extractor?	4 4 6 1
Q15	(a) (b) (c)	What is meant by a thixotropic honey? From which floral source does it come in the UK? Which constituent of the honey gives it this property?	1 1 1
	(d) (e)	List the methods used to extract and jar this honey and the difficulties which may be encountered. In what other form could this honey be sold?	4 2
	(f)	List 6 items which must be included on a suitable label for a 454g jar of honey to be sold from a retail outlet.	6

## SECTION C (30 marks)

Answer **ONE** question from this section. Give *labelled* diagrams where applicable.

Q16	<ul> <li>Discuss the factors which influence nectar secretion, giving examples where appropriate.</li> </ul>			
	(b)	Outline the process by which honeybees collect nectar, convert it into honey, and ripen and store the honey. Include one chemical equation		
		in your answer.	15	
Q17	Discuss the requirements in design, construction, furnishing and equipping, and the use, including legislative requirements, of a honey house for a beekeeper			
	runn	ing 10 honey producing colonies.	30	